

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The listing of claims below replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

1-12. (Canceled).

13. (Currently Amended) A method for producing fullerenes in which a hydrocarbon-containing material gas and an oxygen-containing gas are discharged from a discharge portion provided in a fullerene reactor into the fullerene reactor and burned under reduced pressure, characterized in that:

an average discharge velocity rate of the hydrocarbon-containing material gas and the oxygen-containing gas discharged from the discharge portion into the fullerene reactor is 2 m/s or higher than 0.75 m/s but not higher than 10 m/s, and

the elemental ratio of carbon in the hydrocarbon-containing material gas with respect to oxygen in the oxygen-containing gas at the time of burning the hydrocarbon-containing material gas is 1.08 or higher but not higher than 1.56.

14. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to claim 13, wherein the average discharge velocity rate of the hydrocarbon-containing material gas and the oxygen-containing gas discharged from the discharge portion is in a range of 1 m/s to 6 m/s 2 m/s to 6 m/s.

15. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to claim 13, wherein (V·P) is in a range of 30 m·torr/s to 1000 m·torr/s, with V m/s being the average discharge velocity rate of the hydrocarbon-containing material gas and the oxygen-containing gas and P torr being a pressure in the fullerene reactor.

16. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to claim 14, wherein (V·P) is in a range of 30 m·torr/s to 1000 m·torr/s, with V m/s being an average discharge velocity rate of the hydrocarbon-containing material gas and the oxygen-containing gas and P torr being a pressure in the fullerene reactor.

17. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to claim 13, wherein a gas containing a soot-like material introduced into a soot-like material recovery device from the fullerene reactor has been cooled to be in a temperature range of 200°C to 700°C, and  
the gas containing the soot-like material exhausted from the fullerene reactor is cooled at a cooling rate of 1000 °C/s or higher until reaching the recovery device.

18. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to claim 14, wherein a gas containing a soot-like material introduced into a soot-like material recovery device from the fullerene reactor has been cooled to be in a temperature range of 200°C to 700°C, and

the gas containing the soot-like material exhausted from the fullerene reactor is cooled at a cooling rate of 1000 °C/s or higher until reaching the recovery device.

19-20. (Canceled)

21. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to ~~claim 19~~  
claim 17, wherein the gas containing the soot-like material exhausted from the fullerene reactor is cooled by forming a swirling flow in a pipe with a periphery cooled by a cooling medium.

22. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to ~~claim 20~~  
claim 18, wherein the gas containing the soot-like material exhausted from the fullerene reactor is cooled by forming a swirling flow in a pipe with a periphery cooled by a cooling medium.

23. (Canceled)

24. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to ~~claim 23~~  
claim 13, wherein the oxygen-containing gas has an oxygen concentration of 99% or more.

25. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to ~~claim 23~~  
claim 13, wherein the hydrocarbon-containing material gas is preheated before being discharged from the discharge portion into the fullerene reactor.

26. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to ~~claim 23~~  
claim 13, wherein the oxygen-containing gas is preheated before being discharged from the  
discharge portion into the fullerene reactor.

27. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to ~~claim 23~~  
claim 13, wherein a burner with the discharge portion is provided at an upper portion of the  
fullerene reactor, and an exhaust portion for exhausting the gas containing the soot-like material  
produced in the fullerene reactor is provided at a lower portion of the fullerene reactor.

28. (Currently Amended) The method for producing fullerenes according to ~~claim 23~~  
claim 13, wherein a fullerene content in the soot-like material produced in the fullerene reactor is  
more than 7% by mass but not more than 50% by mass.